

## **BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

- . This is a heart rhythm condition in which the heart rate can become abnormally fast
- This is a type of supraventricular tachycardia (SVT).
- This is related to an abnormal "short circuit" in the electrical connections of the heart between the atria and the ventricles (heart chambers.)
- Episodes of fast heart rates tend to be brief usually minutes in duration but can be longer.
- Generally not dangerous (this will not cause a cardiac arrest), although certainly can be associated with very bothersome symptoms.
- Can occur in patients of all ages.
- Not necessarily associated with other heart problems.

## **SYMPTOMS**

- · Palpitations; perception of a fast or forceful heart beat
- Chest discomfort
- Shortness of breath
- Lightheadedness

## **DIAGNOSTIC TESTS**

- EKG
- Heart rhythm monitor a Holter or Event monitor
- Electrophysiologic ("EP") study an invasive catheter-based procedure where the doctor can "map" out the electrical system of the heart

## **TREATMENT**

- Vagal maneuvers (bearing down, forceful coughing) can stop episodes of fast heartbeat.
- Medications that slow down the heart rate (beta blockers, calcium channel blockers.)
- Radiofrequency ablation, which is most often curative, involves essentially cauterizing inside the heart at the site of the "short circuit." Part of an EP study, see above.

**FOR MORE INFORMATION** or to make an appointment at URMC Cardiology at Highland Hospital, please call (585) 341-6780 or visit us online at <a href="https://www.highlandheart.urmc.edu">www.highlandheart.urmc.edu</a>

MEDICINE of THE HIGHEST ORDER





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