

Employee Assistance Program

Think Outside of the Box



You've heard the expression "thinking outside of the box." It's thinking creatively and solving problems in ways that defy convention. Outside-the-box thinkers see the same information differently from the way their coworkers do. When others "zig," they "zag." You can learn how to think outside of the box. The payoff can be huge for your employer. Learning this skill starts with experiencing failure caused by conditioned linear thinking. Try a few exercises

designed for this purpose. Once you have an "aha!" experience with the exercises, then you've got the idea. Resource: www.creativethinking.net [search: "exercises"].

Anger in the Workplace

If you blow up at disappointments, rage at inconveniences, or bark at others' mistakes, then you probably recognize your anger management problem. Are you still struggling to get a handle on it? The change you want entails education about anger, self-awareness, and

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triggers; practicing alternative responses; logging attempts at change; practicing response tactics; apologizing to others when you slip up; and measuring progress. Anger responses become engrained, which is why a programmatic approach is often needed to gain control in the long term. Talk to your EAP or a counselor to discuss the pieces above and how to turn them into a plan that will give you results.

Relationships—the Secret to Happiness

Many articles, books, and speeches have discussed the secret to finding happiness, but there is only one 75-year study that has attempted to pin down the answer. It's the Grant and Gluek Study, which began in 1934. And it continues today. The project focuses on the lives of two completely different groups of people—a large group of low-income people from Boston, Massachusetts, and a similarly large group of Harvard graduates. The only finding common to both groups of what ultimately brings joy is quality relationships. Recent studies on the negative effects of loneliness lend support to these findings. Developing strong and positive relationships is a social skill that also has some important ingredients. And it can be learned. If you're past your teens and younger years and you find your health and relationships are lacking, it can be a bit more of a challenge to fire up an active friends network. Start with a visit to a workplace counselor or EAP. For advice on reestablishing a social life after lots of time away from the practice of doing so, consider the book "The Friendship Crisis: Finding, Making, and Keeping Friends When You're Not a Kid Anymore." Source: http://www.adultdevelopmentstudy.org/grantandglueckstudy

Stress Tip: Reduce Catastrophic Thinking

Humans worry, but when we focus on the worst-case scenario, it is called catastrophic thinking. It's worry on steroids. Catastrophic thinking is agitating and exhausting. It can be toxic to your mental health. Catastrophic thinking can be applied to almost anything—child safety concerns, bills, personal health, the environment, deadlines, etc. Remaining concerned while avoiding one's worst fears is possible. 1) Recognize that catastrophic thinking is a drain on your mental energy. 2) Reduce worry levels by constructing contingency plans and solutions *in writing*. 3) Take a mental break with "thought blocking" by refusing to worry about something for a set period of time. 4) Consider how you engaged in catastrophic thinking in the past, but here you are today with those past fears or concerns never having come to pass or coming without the impact you originally imagined.

