

Considerations in Transition Preparation for Students with Autism Spectrum Disorder

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Disorder
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Webinar



Learning Objectives

- Increase understanding of ...
 - considerations in transition planning and preparation practices for students with autism spectrum disorder (ASD).

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Transition Planning

- Refers to a coordinated set of activities.
 - Outcome oriented.
 - Student and family focused.
 - Collaborative.

Transition Planning

- Transition <u>planning</u> and <u>preparation</u> are instrumental to improving <u>outcomes</u> in the areas of...
 - Post-secondary Education
 - Employment
 - Independent Living
- Best outcomes require...
 - <u>participation</u> in the planning & preparation process.
 - opportunity to learn and apply needed skills.

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Transition Planning

- The nature of ASD can affect both participation and opportunity.
- Therefore, students with ASD are likely to require enhanced transition planning and preparation to improve outcomes.

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Transition Age Students with ASD

Understanding Adolescent Development in Students with ASD

Adolescent Development

- Adolescence is a period of rapid brain development.
 - Physical.
 - Cognitive.
 - Emotional.
 - Social.
- Also marked by changing expectations.
 - Increased independence and autonomy.

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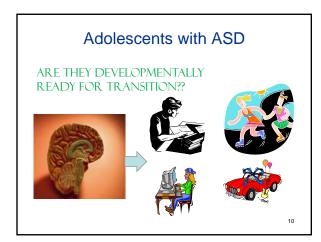
Adolescents with ASD

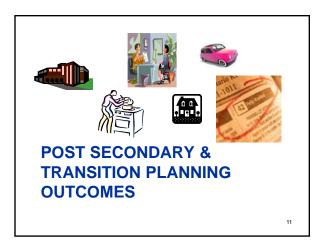
- ASD is a neurodevelopmental disorder...
 - Atypical development in multiple areas..
 - May see uneven development throughout the adolescent age range.
- High rate of co-occurring conditions.
 - Emotional (mental health) and behavioral
 - Medical conditions.
 - Sleep and eating.

Adolescents with ASD

- Delays/impairments and co-occurring conditions can affect the development of....
 - Self-awareness
 - Self Determination & Self Advocacy
 - Self-management
 - Independent Living Skills
- ASD features may limit the number of <u>opportunities</u> to learn and practice important life skills.

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Post-Secondary Outcomes

- Poor outcomes compared to other disability groups.
 - Un-or-under-employed.
 - Job instability.
 - Low wages.
 - Less likely to complete college.

Transition Practices Outcome

- Examination of transition practices in ASD finds....
 - Students may not be actively engaged in the transition planning process.
 - Parents may not be actively engaged in the transition planning process.

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Transition Practices Outcomes

- Transition professionals may not be knowledgeable of more effective <u>transition</u> <u>practices</u> in ASD.
 - Teaching participation skills so student can participate in his/her planning meetings.
 - Dedicated transition planning meetings.
 - Linking transition goals to IEP goals/learning objectives etc.
 - Implementing transition preparation activities using effective instructional methods.

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Transition Practices Outcomes

- Transition teams may not include representation from post-secondary settings.
 - May not be aware of resources/partners needed for transition planning.
 - College representation.
 - » Recruitment and disability services.
 - Adult agency.
 - » Residential.
 - » Community integration.
 - » Vocational training.

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Transition Planning Outcomes

- Transition teams may not include representation from post-secondary settings.
 - State-supported post-secondary disability programs.
 - » ACCES-VR.
 - Business representation.
 - » Employment/workforce agencies.
 - » Human resource representation.

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Transition Practices Outcomes

- Parents may not see value in their child's transition planning process.
 - May not receive education about the process.
 - Transition personnel may not facilitate a collaborative relationship.
 - May not be connected with needed transition resources.
 - Needed resources may not be recommended because transition teams not familiar.
 - Needed resources may not be available in the community.

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Implications

- Current transition planning models may not be effective due to these various factors.
- Therefore, need to consider enhancing and/or modifying transition planning practices to improve outcomes.

Considerations in Transition Planning in ASD

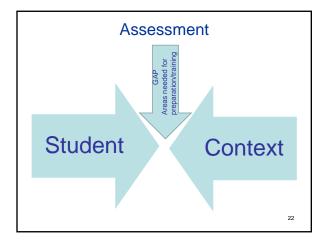
Considerations

- Transition planning should improve student outcomes in...
 - Post-secondary Education.
 - Employment.
 - Independent Living.
- Transition planning should assist in reducing barriers to <u>participation</u> & increase <u>opportunities</u> for learning and applying skills.

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Considerations

- · Begin Early.
 - Maximize participation in planning.
 - Student, parent, community representatives.
 - Maximize <u>opportunity</u> for learning needed skills, across settings/contexts.
- Assessment.
 - Assessment of student & context.
 - Identify areas where student requires training to meet contextual expectations.



Considerations

- Develop Preparation Plan.
 - Identify skills needed.
 - ASD, co-occurring & post-secondary areas.
 - Select curriculums and evidence-based instructional methods.
 - Identify personnel/collaborators
 - Define roles and responsibilities.
 - Detail preparation activities.
 - Person, place, time etc.
 - Ensure alignment with IEP.
 - Course of study.

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Considerations

- Provide parent education & professional development.
 - Roles and responsibilities.
 - Creating opportunities for learning.
 - Strategies and methods used.
 - Identifying and accessing needed resources.
 - Collaborative planning and problem-solving

| | Considerations | |
|-------------|--|---|
| | Implement and Evaluate Plan. Instruct in typical environments (where | |
| | possible). | |
| | Multiple <u>skills</u> and <u>opportunities</u>. Routine progress monitoring. | |
| | Regular team meetings for | |
| | Evaluation of progress and on-going planning.Problem-solving learning difficulties and plan | |
| | implementation difficulties. • Revise plan as needed. | |
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| | Transition Planning | |
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| PREPLANNING | | |
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Pre-Planning

- <u>Pre-planning</u> meetings are needed to prepare student (and parent) for the formal planning meetings.
 - Increase student and parent participation.
 - Individual meetings with student and parent.
 - Purpose of transition planning.
 - Format of meetings.
 - Roles & responsibilities.
 - Use Social Story (Stories) to assist with increasing understanding and participation.

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Pre-Planning

- <u>Pre-planning</u> meetings are needed to prepare student (and parent) for the formal planning meetings.
 - Interview student for general interests/preferences.
 - Visual representation (Choice Board).
 - Communication scripts to bring to formal Transition Planning meetings.

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Pre-Planning

- Draft an initial Transition Plan.
 - Potential preparation activities.
 - Resources.
 - Collaborators.
 - Visual supports.
 - Transition Plan & Communication Scripts.
 - Choice Board.
 - Identify Transition meeting accommodations.
 - Sensory supports.
 - Format (frequency, number of people, duration, location, etc.)

Pre-Planning

- Preparing for the formal Transition Planning meeting.
 - Student
 - Social Skill Story.
 - Social/communication scripts.
 - Exposure to meeting room and people.
 - Rehearsal.
 - Reinforcement system for participation.
 - Personnel
 - Communicate the format that is best for student participation.

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THE TRANSITION PLAN

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Transition Plan

- Transition Plan should detail....
 - Student goals for each post-secondary area.
 - Post-secondary Education
 - Employment
 - Independent Living
 - Skills needed to achieve goals.
 - Interventions for skills.
 - Curriculum and instructional methods.
 - Instructional supports and accommodations.
 - Preparation plan for maximizing opportunity for learning and using skills.
 - Intervention methods and support strategies

Transition Plan

- Transition Plan should detail....
 - Roles and responsibilities.
 - Student.
 - Parents.
 - School Personnel.
 - Collaborators.
 - Professional development needed.
 - Parent education and/or training needed.
 - Resources needed.

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Transition Plan

- Transition Plan should detail....
 - Progress monitoring plan.
 - Team meetings-planning and problemsolving.
 - On-going assessment: Data-based decision making.
 - Revisions to plan.
 - Follow-up for additional resources.

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THE PREPARATION PLAN: SKILLS TRAINING

Transition Preparation

- Skills training needed on...
 - -ASD related skill areas.
 - Co-occurring conditions skill areas (if applicable).
 - -Post-secondary goal areas.

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Transition Preparation

- ASD and co-occurring conditions....
 - Functional Communication.
 - Social Interaction.
 - Behavior Regulation.
 - Repetitive Behavior/circumscribed interests.
 - Disruptive behavior problems/disorders.
 - Emotional Regulation.
 - Anxiety
 - Depression
 - Adjustment reactions

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Transition Preparation

- Multiple <u>strategies</u> can be used for skills training...
 - Functional communication training.
 - Direct instruction
 - Joint Action Routines.
 - Incidental teaching methods.
 - Communication scripts, AAC.
 - Social skills and interaction training.
 - Direct instruction.
 - Social stories and social scripts.
 - Peer modeling and networks.

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Transition Preparation

- Multiple <u>strategies</u> can be used for skills training...
 - Behavior Regulation training.
 - Contingency management.
 - Other reinforcement systems.
 - Emotion Regulation training.
 - Coping skills training and scripts.
 - Problem-solving training and social autopsies.
 - Train across settings/context.

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Transition Preparation

- Post-secondary education.
 - College/Technical School skills.
 - Entrance/selection.
 - · Self-advocacy.
 - Disclosing disability and accessing supports/accommodations.
 - Study skills.
 - Self-management of workload.
 - -Organization and time management.
 - Independent living skills.

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Transition Preparation

- Employment.
 - Career selection.
 - Job interview and acceptance procedures.
 - Self-advocacy for accommodations.
 - Job specific skills.
 - Social-communication skills.
 - Emotional-Behavior regulation skills.

Transition Preparation

- Independent Living.
 - Personal care.
 - Domestic skills.
 - Consumer behavior.
 - Community integration.
 - Including travel training.
 - Recreation and leisure.

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Transition Preparation

- Independent Living.
 - Money management.
 - Safety skills.
 - -Physical.
 - -Media.
 - Sexuality/Intimate social relationships.
 - -Dating.

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Transition Preparation

- Multiple <u>strategies</u> can be used for skills training...
 - Direct instruction
 - Task analysis & Activity schedules
 - Coaching
 - Social Stories & Social Skill Stories
 - Scripts
 - Reinforcement system to improve motivation and learning.
- Train across settings/contexts.

Select Resources

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Resources

- New York State Education Department
 - Transition Regulations:
 - http://www.p12.nysed.gov/specialed/transition /randg.htm
 - This is the link to the NYS Education
 Department's Transition Requirements &
 Guidelines for students classified with a disability.

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Resources

- Autism Speaks
 - Multiple resources including a Transition Toolkit, Visual Supports, & an Autism Apps listing.
 - http://www.autismspeaks.org/
- Organization for Autism Research
 - Multiple resources including a Guide to Transition (search site for Transition Guide).
 - http://www.researchautism.org/

Resources

- Geneva Center
 - Various tip sheets for visual supports and choice board (see Resources Tab and select-Visual Aids Gallery or use 2nd link listed below).
 - http://www.autism.net/
 - http://visuals.autism.net/visuals/main.php

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Resources

- Rochester Regional Center for Autism
 - See Community Education & Technical Assistance Activities tab for ...
 - Information Sheet on Transition.
 - Training DVDs for <u>Daily Visual Schedules</u> & <u>Direct Instruction</u> for Social Skills.
 - Various links to other resources.
 - http://www.urmc.rochester.edu/childrenshospital/developmentaldisabilities/RRCASD.aspx

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Question & Answer

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Please complete by the deadline to receive a Certificate of Attendance.