Breast Cancer Screening for Women below the Age of 40 in the NYS Cancer Services Program

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This document provides the criteria by which women under age 40 will be eligible for breast cancer screening and/or diagnostic evaluation in the Cancer Services Program (CSP).

Beginning April 1, 2009, women under age 40 were no longer eligible for breast cancer screening through the CSP, with the exception of women in that age group who are at high risk for breast cancer or with clinically significant findings for breast cancer. The CSP criteria and implementation of evaluation of high risk is consistent with the National Cancer Institute that recommends that women who are at higher than average risk for breast cancer talk with a healthcare provider about whether to have breast cancer screening before the age of 40. The decision to screen for breast cancer should be based on an informed decision-making process between a woman and her clinician.

Evaluation
There are multiple factors that determine a woman's risk for breast cancer, including, but not limited to, a personal and/or family history of breast, ovarian and other cancers, the age at which the person(s) was diagnosed with the particular cancer, or a history of chest irradiation for treatment of lymphoma during adolescence or young adulthood. These individuals are considered to have an "undetermined" risk for breast cancer and should be referred to an appropriate health care provider for a full risk assessment which can include an evaluation of the lifetime risk of breast cancer using one of several clinically recognized risk assessment tools. Where appropriate (e.g. for women with strong family histories of breast, ovarian or other cancers), individuals can be referred for zero-based sliding fee scale genetic counseling for risk assessment (http://www.nyhealth.gov/diseases/cancer/genetics/genetic_counselors.htm). It is not the role of CSP partnership staff to provide clinical risk assessments.

Women younger than the age of 40 who meet CSP financial eligibility and present to a CSP partnership with a concern of being at high risk for breast cancer should undergo risk assessment by a NYS-licensed health care provider before being referred for breast cancer screening services. The CSP will reimburse for the appropriate breast cancer screening services (screening mammography and/or CBE) and any necessary CSP-reimbursable diagnostic services for individuals under the age of 40 when one or more of the following criteria are met and screening has been recommended and documented by a NYS-licensed health care provider on a Provider Attestation of Client Eligibility for Women less than 40 years of Age form:

High Risk for Breast Cancer Criteria

- A woman of any age is determined to have a 5-year risk of invasive breast cancer greater than or equal to 1.7%, or a woman age 35 or older with a lifetime risk greater than or equal to 20% (as determined by a clinically recognized risk assessment tool)
- A woman is determined to have a known genetic predisposition for breast cancer by genetic testing (e.g. BRCA 1 or 2 mutation)
• A woman has a personal history of breast cancer (and is not in active treatment)

• A woman has a personal history of receiving thoracic (chest) irradiation in her teens or 20s.

Please note that mammography may not always be indicated for women younger than age 35 who meet one or more of the high risk criteria on a risk assessment. Clinically accepted guidelines through the National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN)\(^4\) should be utilized when determining whether breast cancer screening is necessary in younger women. These high risk criteria have been adapted from those identified by the NCCN.\(^4\) Providers are strongly encouraged to review these guidelines when determining risk for breast cancer.

**Clinically Significant Findings Criteria**

Women younger than the age of 40 presenting with a self-reported symptom concerning breast cancer should undergo an evaluation with a NYS-licensed health care provider. The CSP will not reimburse for CBE in 18-39 year old individuals with self-reported symptoms. The CSP will reimburse for diagnostic evaluation of one or more of the following clinically significant findings after such a finding has been evaluated by a NYS-licensed health care provider who determines whether diagnostic evaluation is necessary and that provider documents the request on a **Provider Attestation of Client Eligibility for Women less than 40 Years of Age** form (see below). The following clinically significant findings have been identified by the CDC’s National Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program (NBCCEDP) and the NCCN\(^4\):

- Discrete, dominant mass in breast
- Spontaneous nipple discharge without a discrete, dominant mass in breast
- Asymmetric thickening or nodularity
- Skin or nipple changes

The following diagnostic services, where appropriate, are reimbursable through the CSP: diagnostic ultrasound, breast fluid cytology, diagnostic mammography and/or referral for surgical consultation and biopsy if necessary.

References:


   University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center (2009) [http://www8.utsouthwestern.edu/utsw/cda/dept47829/files/65844.html](http://www8.utsouthwestern.edu/utsw/cda/dept47829/files/65844.html)

   BayesMendel Laboratory. BRCAPro (2009) [http://astor.som.jhmi.edu/BayesMendel/brcapro.html](http://astor.som.jhmi.edu/BayesMendel/brcapro.html)
