Overcrowded rat cages represent a significant animal welfare concern. Such cages are noncompliant with Public Health Service (PHS) Policy and our Assurance to PHS. The Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals states the PHS recommendations for housing densities. In order to standardize housing densities and prevent or eliminate the possibility of overcrowding within cages, the University’s Animal Resource has adopted the following UCAR-approved policy: The number of rats per cage depends on the weight of the rat(s) and the size of the cage.

Required Floor Space Per Rat
A standard rat cage has 143 square inches floor space.

- <100 g per rat = 17 sq inches = 8 rats
- Up to 200 g per rat = 23 sq inches = 6 rats
- Up to 300 g per rat = 29 sq inches = 4 rats
- Up to 400 g per rat = 40 sq inches = 3 rats
- Up to 500 g per rat = 60 sq inches = 2 rats
- > 500 g per rat = >70 sq inches = 1 rat
- Female w/ litter = 124 sq inches

Breeding
- Standard breeding: 1-3 females:1 male. Pregnant females are housed individually before birth of pups.
- Continuous breeding: 1 male:1 female; not separated before birth of pups. This strategy takes advantage of the post-partum estrus which occurs within 14-28 hours after parturition. This strategy requires a larger cage; please consult with Animal Resource management. Continuous trio breeding is not permitted.
- The breeding strategy utilized must be described in the UCAR protocol.
- Justification is required for continuous breeding and/or for cage densities which exceed those described above.

Weaning
Investigators who choose to manage their own breeding colonies are responsible for timely weaning. Rats are generally weaned at 21 days of age. At 23 days of age, the PI will be notified if litters have not been weaned. The following day, these rats will be weaned by DCM for a $50.00 fee. Should delayed weaning be required for extremely fragile rats, this must be described in the protocol be approved by UCAR with specification of actual weaning ages (e.g., up to 28 days of age). Additionally, a special request must be submitted to the Animal Resource office identifying the group of rats approved for delayed weaning. Continuous breeding with delayed weaning is not permitted.

If a breeding strategy results in two litters from the same dam, the older litter must be weaned when the new litter is born. This means that litters may require weaning between 17 and 20 days of age to prevent overcrowding and trauma to newborn pups. Cages identified with two or more litters will be reported to the PI. If the younger litter appears to be unaffected by the presence of the older pups, the investigator must wean the older litter by the following day. If not, DCM will wean the older litter for a fee. If the younger litter is being harmed by the older pups, DCM will immediately wean the older litter for a fee and notify the PI.
investigator. The investigator is expected to provide supportive care (moistened chow +/- 76A gel®) and daily observation until early weaned pups are self-sustaining. This information must be documented daily in a PI Provision of Husbandry log.

The DCM veterinary staff provides training in the management of rodent breeding colonies for investigators and their staff. DCM also offers colony management services to PIs for a fee.

**Overcrowded Cages**

Cages containing rats which exceed the floor space requirements are considered overcrowded. These cages will be reported to investigators. DCM will remove rats from overcrowded cages if the investigator has not done so by the day following notification. There is a fee for this service.

**Identification**

A completed cage card must be present on all rat cages. Please refer to the Animal Resource website (http://www.urmc.rochester.edu/vivarium/Barcoding.cfm) for information on cage card activation. The information on the card should include: the investigator's name, the approved UCAR protocol number, an animal identification number (if applicable), the rat strain/stock and the account number. The use of individual animal identification such as ear punches, ear tags, tattoos or implantable transponders is encouraged, especially in cases in which animals are group housed and/or appear identical. All methods of identification must be described in the animal protocol and approved by UCAR.

The DCM and vivarium staff is available to discuss any questions you may have regarding this policy. Please do not hesitate to contact the Animal Resource Office at X5-2651.